## SOLUTIONS: PROBLEM SET 27 FROM SECTION 12.1

4. My apologies for this problem; I didn't notice when I assigned it that it involved alternate bases.
(a) $\frac{49+14+3}{7^{3}}=\frac{66}{343}$
(b) $\frac{6+3}{6^{3}-6}=\frac{9}{210}$
(c) $\frac{11+7}{11^{2}-1}=\frac{18}{120}$
(d) $\frac{256 A+16 B+C}{4095}$
5. 

(a) $\frac{7}{12}=\frac{1}{100} \frac{175}{3}=\frac{1}{100}\left(58 \frac{1}{3}\right)$. The period length is 1 and the preperiod is .58 .
(b) $\frac{11}{30}=\frac{1}{10}\left(3 \frac{2}{3}\right)$. The period length is 1 and the preperiod is .3.
(c) $\frac{1}{75}=\frac{1}{100} \frac{4}{3}$. The period length is 1 and the preperiod is .01 .
(d) The period length is $\operatorname{ord}_{23} 10=22$; there is no preperiod.
(e) $\frac{13}{56}=\frac{1}{1000} \frac{1625}{7}=\frac{1}{1000}\left(232 \frac{1}{7}\right)$. The period length is $\operatorname{ord}_{7} 10=6$, and the preperiod is .232 .
(f) There is no preperiod. The period length is $\operatorname{ord}_{61} 10=60$.

