

Faculty Colloquium

Date : Friday, October 15, 2010

Speaker: Gérard Létac, Université Paul Sabatier, Toulouse, France

Title: **The Thomae formula and the hypergeometric densities of random continued fractions**

Abstract

The Thomae formula for hypergeometric functions discovered in 1879,

$$T(A, B, C, D, E) = \frac{\Gamma(C) F_3 F_2(A, B, C, D, E; 1)}{\Gamma(D) \Gamma(E)},$$

has the invariance property

$$T(A, B, C, D, E) = T(D - C, E - C, D + E - A - B - C, D + E - A - C, D + E - B - C).$$

We prove it and on applying it discover the distributions of some nice random continued fractions.