[15 pts]

[10 pts]

- 1. Suppose $\{a_n\}$ converges to 1. Show that there is some $N \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $(n > N) \to (a_n > 0)$. [5 pts]
- 2. Show that $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by f(x) = 5 3x is continuous at x = 7. [10 pts]
- 3. Show that $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = 2x^2 2x 1$ is continuous at x = 3. [20 pts]
- 4. Suppose $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } x \le 3\\ 1 - x & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Show that f is not continuous at x = 3.

- 5. Suppose $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is defined by $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 1$. Show that f'(2) = 7. [10 pts]
- 6. Suppose $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x & \text{if } x \leq 2\\ x^2 - 3 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Show that f'(2) is undefined.