KEY IN	DISPLAY	EXPLANATION
PRGM >> ENTER SIMPSON VARS > 4 2 Disp 2nd α "LOWERLIMIT" Input αA Disp 2nd α "UPPERLIMIT" Input αB Disp α 2nd "αNφSUBINTERVALS" Disp 2nd α "ENTER EVEN N" Input αN φ STO αS φ STO αV	=	Program named "SIMPSON" Deselects all functions Lower limit of integration After ?, type in the lower limit of integration Upper limit of integration After ?, type in the upper limit of integration LS" Number of subintervals for [A, B] is N "The number N is to be entered After ?, type in N 0 is stored in location S (for Simpson's Rule) 0 is stored in location V (for the Trapezoidal Rule)
$(\alpha B - \alpha A) \div \alpha N$ STO $\alpha W$ 1 STO $\alpha J$ $Lbl$ 1 $\alpha A + 2(\alpha J - 1)\alpha W$ STO $\alpha L$ $\alpha A + 2\alpha J\alpha W$ STO $\alpha R$	$(B - A)/N \rightarrow W$ $1 \rightarrow J$ $Lbl \ 1$ $A + 2(J - 1)W \rightarrow L$ $A + 2JW \rightarrow R$	Subinterval width (B-A)/N stored in location W 1 is stored in location J Start of loop Left endpoint of [A+2(j-1)W, A+2jW] stored in L Right endpoint of [A+2(j-1)W,A+2jW] stored in R
$(\alpha L + \alpha R) \div 2$ STO $\alpha M$ $\alpha L$ STO X,T, $\theta$ ,n VARS > 1 1 STO $\alpha L$ $\alpha M$ STO X,T, $\theta$ ,n VARS > 1 1 STO $\alpha M$ $\alpha R$ STO X,T, $\theta$ ,n VARS > 1 1 STO $\alpha R$	$(L + R)/2 \rightarrow M$ $L \rightarrow X$ $Y_1 \rightarrow L$ $M \rightarrow X$ $Y_1 \rightarrow M$ $R \rightarrow X$ $Y_1 \rightarrow R$	Midpoint of [A+2(j-1)W, A+2jW] stored in M L is stored in location X Y <sub>1</sub> (L) is stored in location L M is stored in location X Y <sub>1</sub> (M) is stored in location M R is stored in location X Y <sub>1</sub> (R) is stored in location R
$\alpha W(\alpha L + 4\alpha M + \alpha R) \div 3 + \alpha S STO \alpha S$		S New sum is stored in location S (for Simp. Rule)
$\alpha W(\alpha L + 2\alpha M + \alpha R) \div 2 + \alpha V \text{ STO } \alpha V$	$W(L+2M+R)/2 + V \rightarrow V$	New sum is stored in location V (for Trap. Rule)
$IS > \alpha J$ , $\alpha N \div 2$ ) $Goto \ 1$ $Disp \ 2nd \ \alpha$ "Simpson Rule" $Disp \ \alpha S$ $Disp \ 2nd \ \alpha$ "Trap. Rule" $Disp \ \alpha V$	IS > (J,N/2) Goto 1 Disp. "Simpson Rule" Disp S Disp. "Trap. Rule" Disp V	Increment J one step. If J>N/2, skip next command Program returns to Lbl 1 and loops again Prepares for the Simpson's Rule approximation Displays the Simpson's Rule approximation S Prepares for the Trapezoidal Rule approximation Displays the Trapezoidal Rule approximation
To execute the program in order to evaluate $\int_a^b f(x)dx$ , do the following: 2nd QUIT (to quit the program)		
Y= key in your function $f(x)$ ENTER 2nd QUIT PRGM (choose the program) ENTER		
The display reads LOWERLIMIT, ? The display reads UPPERLIMIT, ? The display reads ENTER N, ?	Key in A ENTER Key in B ENTER Key in N ENTER	(gives the lower limit of integration) (gives the upper limit of integration) (number of subintervals of [A, B])
The display then exhibits the Simpson Rule and Trapezoidal Rule approximations for the value of the integral. Note that with this program, the number of subintervals for each rule is even.		

To execute the program again, just key in ENTER

Identification of italicized words in the program: Input (PRGM  $\geq 1$ ) Display (PRGM  $\geq$  3) Goto (PRGM \$\phi\$) Label (PRGM 9) IS > ( PRGM  $\alpha$ A)

φ represents zero (distinguished from the letter 0); If you type αφ then you get a "space" (between two words)