## Sample Problems for First In-Class Exam Math 246, Fall 2008, Professor David Levermore

(1) (a) Write a MATLAB command that evaluates the definite integral

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{r}{1+r^4} \,\mathrm{d}r \,.$$

(b) Sketch the graph that you expect would be produced by the following MATLAB commands.

[x, y] = meshgrid(-5:0.5:5, -5:0.2:5)contour $(x, y, x.^2 + y.^2, [25, 25])$ axis square

(2) Find the explicit solution for each of the following initial-value problems and identify its interval of existence (definition).

(a) 
$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\cos(t) - z}{1 + t}$$
,  $z(0) = 2$ .  
(b)  $\frac{du}{dz} = e^u + 1$ ,  $u(0) = 0$ .

(3) Consider the differential equation

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t} = 4y^2 - y^4 \,.$$

- (a) Find all of its stationary (equilibrium) solutions and classify each as being either stable, unstable, or semistable.
- (b) If y(0) = 1, how does the solution y(t) behave as  $t \to \infty$ ?
- (c) If y(0) = -1, how does the solution y(t) behave as  $t \to \infty$ ?
- (d) Sketch a graph of y versus t showing the direction field and several solution curves. The graph should show all the stationary solutions as well as solution curves above and below each of them. Every value of y should lie on at least one sketched solution curve.
- (4) A tank initially contains 100 liters of pure water. Beginning at time t = 0 brine (salt water) with a salt concentration of 2 grams per liter (g/l) flows into the tank at a constant rate of 3 liters per minute (l/min) and the well-stirred mixture flows out of the tank at the same rate. Let S(t) denote the mass (g) of salt in the tank at time  $t \ge 0$ .
  - (a) Write down an initial-value problem that governs S(t).
  - (b) Is S(t) an increasing or decreasing function of t? (Give your reasoning.)
  - (c) What is the behavior of S(t) as  $t \to \infty$ ? (Give your reasoning.)
  - (d) Derive an explicit formula for S(t).

- (5) Suppose you are using the Heun-midpoint method to numerically approximate the solution of an initial-value problem over the time interval [0, 5]. By what factor would you expect the error to decrease when you increase the number of time steps taken from 500 to 2000.
- (6) Give an implicit general solution to each of the following differential equations.

(a) 
$$\left(\frac{y}{x} + 3x\right) dx + (\log(x) - y) dy = 0$$
  
(b)  $(x^2 + y^3 + 2x) dx + 3y^2 dy = 0$ .

- (7) A 2 kilogram (kg) mass initially at rest is dropped in a medium that offers a resistance of  $v^2/40$  newtons (= kg m/sec<sup>2</sup>) where v is the downward velocity (m/sec) of the mass. The gravitational acceleration is 9.8 m/sec<sup>2</sup>.
  - (a) What is the terminal velocity of the mass?
  - (b) Write down an initial-value problem that governs v as a function of time. (You do not have to solve it!)
- (8) Consider the following MATLAB function M-file.

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function [t,y] = solveit(ti, yi, tf, n)
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\begin{split} h &= (tf - ti)/n; \\ t &= zeros(n + 1, 1); \\ y &= zeros(n + 1, 1); \\ t(1) &= ti; \\ y(1) &= yi; \\ for i &= 1:n \\ z &= t(i)^{4} + y(i)^{2}; \\ t(i + 1) &= t(i) + h; \\ y(i + 1) &= y(i) + (h/2)^{*}(z + t(i + 1)^{4} + (y(i) + h^{*}z)^{2}); \\ end \end{split}
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- (a) What is the initial-value problem being approximated numerically?
- (b) What is the numerical method being used?
- (c) What are the output values of t(2) and y(2) that you would expect for input values of ti = 1, yi = 1, tf = 5, n = 20?