Quiz 2 Solutions, Math 220, Professor David Levermore Friday, 10 September 2010

(1) [2] Give the equation of the line with slope -1 that passes through the point (2, -3). Solution. The point-slope form for the equation of the line through the point (a, b) with slope m is y = b + m(x-a). For the point (a, b) = (2, -3) and the slope m = -1 this form yields the equation

$$y = -3 - 1(x - 2) = -3 - x + 2 = -1 - x$$
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(2) [4] Find the slope of the line that passes through the points on the curve $y = x^2$ with x = 1 and x = 1.2.

Solution. The points on the curve $y = x^2$ with x = 1 and x = 1.2 are

$$(x, y) = (1, 1^2) = (1, 1)$$
 and $(x, y) = (1, 1.2^2) = (1, 1.44)$.

The slope of the line that passes through these points is

$$m = \frac{1.44 - 1}{1.2 - 1} = \frac{.44}{.2} = 2.2.$$

(3) [4] Give the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y = x^2$ at the point where x = 2. (You may use the fact that the slope of $y = x^2$ at (x, y) is 2x.)

Solution. The point on the curve $y = x^2$ with x = 2 is $(x, y) = (2, 2^2) = (2, 4)$. The slope of $y = x^2$ at (x, y) = (2, 4) is 2x = 4. The equation of the tangent line at (x, y) = (2, 4) is therefore

$$y = 4 + 4(x - 2) = 4x - 4$$
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