## Fall 2012 - Math 462 Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers Homework #8 - Due Monday Oct. 29

1. (15pts) Solve the following initial value problem:

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} = 0 \quad \text{for } -\infty < x < +\infty, \ t > 0$$
$$u(x,0) = 0 \quad \text{for all } x$$
$$u_t(x,0) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} \quad \text{for all } x$$

2. (15pts) Solve the following initial value problem:

$$u_{tt} - 25u_{xx} = 0 \quad \text{for } -\infty < x < +\infty, \ t > 0$$
$$u(x,0) = x^2 \quad \text{for all } x$$
$$u_t(x,0) = 3 \quad \text{for all } x$$

- 3. (20pts) The midpoint of a piano string of tension T, density  $\rho$  (we recall the formula  $c = \sqrt{T/\rho}$ ) and length  $\ell$  is hit by a hammer whose head diameter is 2a. A flea is sitting on the string at a distance  $\ell/4$  from one end. How long does it take for the disturbance to reach the flea? (assuming  $a < \ell/4$ ).
- 4. (20pts) Consider the damped string equation:

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} + \gamma u_t = 0.$$

Show that the total energy decreases.

5. (30pts) Let u(x,t) be the solution of the following wave equation on the halfline:

$$u_{tt} - u_{xx} = 0 \quad 0 < x < \infty, \ t > 0$$
  
$$u(x, 0) = \phi(x)$$
  
$$u_t(x, 0) = 0$$
  
$$u(0, t) = 0$$

with  $\phi$  given by:



Sketch u(x,t) for t = 1 and t = 2. Describe the behavior of u as t increases.