## 1. True or False

1. (5 points) Suppose $n$ is an integer with exactly 3 positive divisors. Then $n=p^{2}$ for some prime $p$.
A. True, B. False.
2. (5 points) Suppose that $a \equiv b(\bmod m)$ and $c \equiv d(\bmod m)$ with $c \mid a$ and $d \mid b$. Then

$$
\frac{a}{c} \equiv \frac{b}{d} \quad(\bmod m)
$$

## A. True, <br> B. False.

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2. Multiple Choice
3. (5 points) The number of primitive roots of 98 is
A. $0, \quad$ B. $12, \quad$ C. $34, \quad$ D. $42, \quad$ E. none of the above.
4. ( 5 points) The number of primitive roots of 99 is
A. $0, \quad$ B. $8, \quad$ C. $34, \quad$ D. $66, \quad$ E. none of the above.

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5. (5 points) The number of zeros at the end of the decimal representation of 153 ! is
A. $28, \quad$ B. $33, \quad$ C. $37, \quad$ D. $62, \quad$ E. none of the above.
6. (5 points) $10^{200,000,000,000,000,000}$ days from today it will be
A. Sunday,
B. Monday,
C. Tuesday, D. Wednesday,
E. none of the above.
7. (10 points) Let $n$ be the solution to the following ancient Indian problem (taken from Rosen):

If eggs are removed from a basket $2,3,4,5$ and 6 at a time, there remain respectively, 1,2,3,4 and 5 eggs. But if the eggs are removed 7 at a time, no eggs remain. What is the least number of eggs that could have been in the basket?
The number $n$ is congruent to which of the following modulo 13 ?
A. 1, $\quad$ B. 2, $\quad$ C. 3, $\quad$ D. $4, \quad$ E. none of the above.

## 3. Prove or Disprove

For this problem, clearly indicate whether the statement is true or false then prove or disprove it.
8. (12 points) If $\phi(n) \mid n-1$ then $n$ is squarefree. (Here $\phi$ is the Euler $\phi$-function.)
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## 4. Prove

In this section, prove the statement given to you. 9. (12 points) Suppose $r$ is a primitive root modulo $p$ and $p \equiv 1(\bmod 4)$. Show that $-r$ is also a primitive root modulo $p$.
10. (12 points) Suppose $a$ and $b$ are positive integers. Show that

$$
(a, b)[a, b]=a b
$$

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11. (12 points) Suppose $a$ and $N$ are integers with $N \geq 0$. Show that

$$
(1+a)^{N} \equiv 1+N a \quad\left(\bmod a^{2}\right) .
$$

12. (12 points) Show that a positive integer $n$ is composite if and only if $\phi(n) \leq n-\sqrt{n}$.

First Name/Last Name: $\qquad$
Student ID Number: $\qquad$
Section/Professor:
Signature:

By signing here, you confirm you are the person identified above and that all the work herein is solely your own.

## Instructions:

- You are allowed to use pencil, pen and eraser only. No notes, index cards or calculators
- You may use the back of a sheet for calculations.
- Put your name on all sheets in the alloted space.
- Box any final answers.

| Problem | Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 5 |  |
| 2 | 5 |  |
| 3 | 5 |  |
| 4 | 5 |  |
| 5 | 5 |  |
| 6 | 10 |  |
| 7 | 12 |  |
| 8 | 12 |  |
| 9 | 12 | 12 |

